

## MHF4U: Review Package # 3 (Questions from old tests mixed together).

### Part A: Short Answers

- 1) Sketch the function  $y = -(x - 2)(x + 3)^2$ .
- 2) Determine the horizontal asymptote for  $f(x) = \frac{-5x^4}{x^3 - 9x}$
- 3) Factor completely.  $5x^3 + 320y^6$ .
- 4) Determine the remainder when  $f(x) = 3x^3 - 5x^2 + x + 12$  is divided by  $(x + 2)$  without using long or synthetic division.
- 5) Evaluate  $\log_{\sqrt{3}} 243$  without the use of a calculator.
- 6) Express as a single logarithm:  $\log_7 x - 2 \log_7 z - \frac{3}{4} \log_7 y$
- 7) Determine the coordinates of the hole for  $g(x) = \frac{x^3 - 8}{x^2 - 4}$ .
- 8) Convert  $126^\circ$  to exact radian measure.
- 9) Reduce  $\sin \frac{11\pi}{8}$  to the first quadrant using a co-related identity.
- 10) Simplify to a single trigonometric function  $\frac{\tan 4x - \tan 5y}{1 - \tan 4x \tan 5y}$
- 11) State the domain of  $f(x) = 2 \log_3(x + 4) - 1$ .
- 12) State the range of  $h(x) = -3(4^{x-3}) - 5$ .
- 13) State the equation of the oblique asymptote of  $y = \frac{4x^6 - 7x^3 - 2}{x^5 - 2x^2}$ .
- 14) State the range of  $y = 4 \sec \left( 2x - \frac{\pi}{5} \right) + 1$ .
- 15) Find the equation of a cosecant function that has a local maximum at  $y = 5$ , a local minimum at  $y = -1$  and vertical asymptotes given by  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{7}n, n \in I$ .
- 16) Write an equation for a function that is the reciprocal of a quadratic and that has the following properties:
  - Horizontal asymptote  $y = 0$
  - Vertical asymptote  $x = 6$  and  $x = -2$
  - $y > 0$  on the intervals  $(-\infty, -2)$  and  $(6, \infty)$
  - $f(0) = -\frac{1}{4}$

### Part B: Full Solutions

- 1) Solve for  $x, x \in \mathbb{R}$  and graph the solution set on a real number line.
  - a)  $3x^3 + 4x^2 - 5x - 2 < 0$
  - b)  $\frac{5}{2x+3} \geq 4$

- 2) Solve for  $x$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$
- $\log_2(x^2 - 6x) - \log(1 - x) = 3$
  - $36^{3x-1} = 6^{2x+5}$
  - $4^x + 15(4^{-x}) = 8$
  - $6^{x+3} = 7^{2x-1}$
  - $3(6^{2-x}) = 9175$
  - $\sin 2x + \sqrt{2} \sin x = 0$ ,  $x \in [-\pi, 2\pi]$
- 3) Graph the function  $f(x) = \frac{5-x}{x^2-16}$ , by first determining the intercepts, equations of asymptotes and behavior of the function around all asymptotes.
- 4) Express as a single logarithm, then evaluate  $\log_4 \sqrt{40} + \log_4 \sqrt{48} - \log_4 \sqrt{15}$
- 5) Graph  $y = \log_2(4 - x)^{-2}$ .
- 6) Determine the exact average rate of change of the function  $y = 2\sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) + 1$  on the interval  $\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq 3\pi$ .
- 7) Using identities, evaluate exactly
- $\sin \frac{9\pi}{8}$
  - $\cos \frac{11}{12}\pi$
- 8) Prove  $\sec x = \frac{2[\cos x \sin 2x - \sin x \cos 2x]}{\sin 2x}$
- 9) The sound intensity of a soft whisper is about  $\frac{1}{200,000}$  of the sound intensity of a shout. What is the decibel level of a whisper if a shout has a loudness level of about 85 dB?
- 10) Jackson wants to invest his considerable chess prize money in a premium savings account earning 2.25% compounded semi-annually. How long will it take his initial deposit (P) to quadruple in value? (Express answer correct to 1 decimal place)
- 11) The tides at Cape Capstan, N.B, change depth of the water in the harbour. On one day in October, the tides have a high point of approximately 10 m at 2 p.m. and a low point of approximately 1.2 m at 8:15 p.m. A particular sailboat has a draft of 2 m. This means it can only move in water that is at least 2 m deep. The captain of the sailboat plans to exit the harbour at 6 p.m. Create a sinusoidal function to model the problem, and use it to determine whether the sailboat can exit the harbour safely at 6 p.m. Assume  $t = 0$  is midnight.